

# Bioheat Transfer

# introduction

1. Deriving Governing equation

2. Boundary conditions

3. Deriving The bioheat transfer equation

4. Governing Equations for heat condition in various coordinate systems

5. Problem formulation

# The Bioheat Transfer Equation for Mammalian Tissue

## 1. The mammalian tissue system

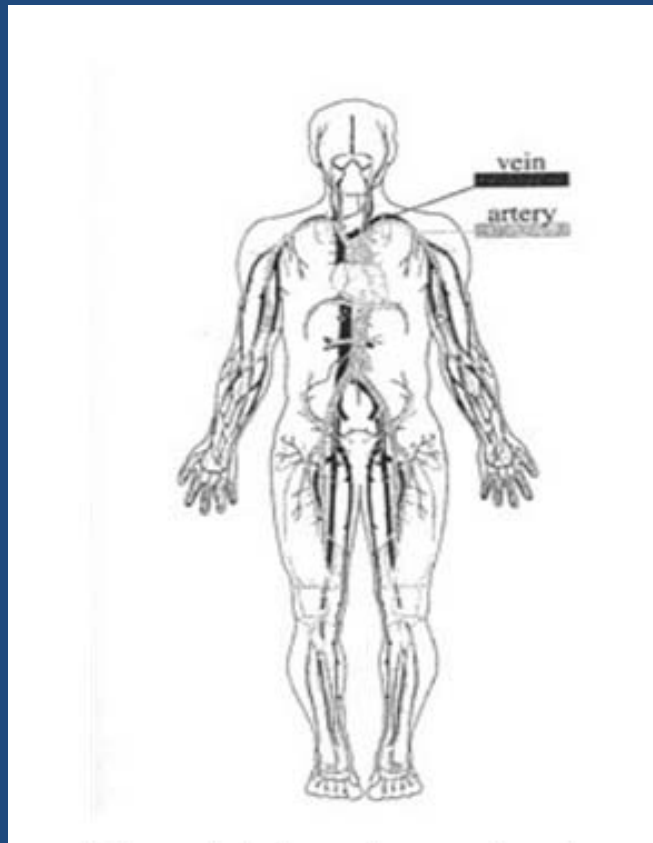


Figure 1. Arteries and veins of the circulatory system

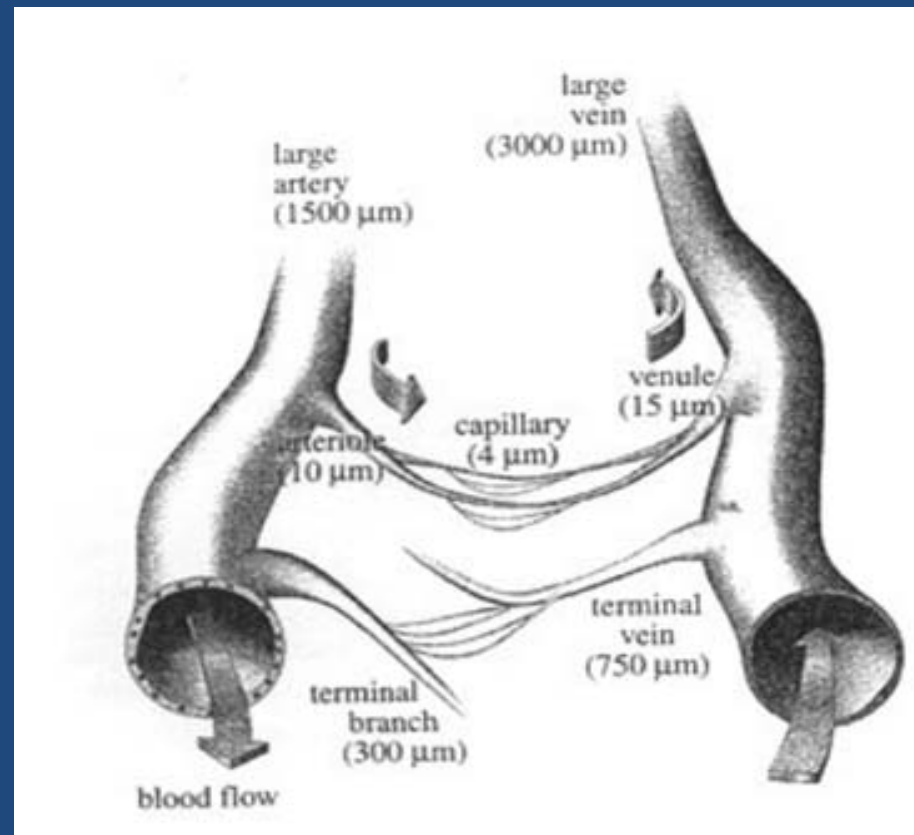


Figure 2. variation of blood vessel sizes.

# The Bioheat Transfer Equation for Mammalian Tissue

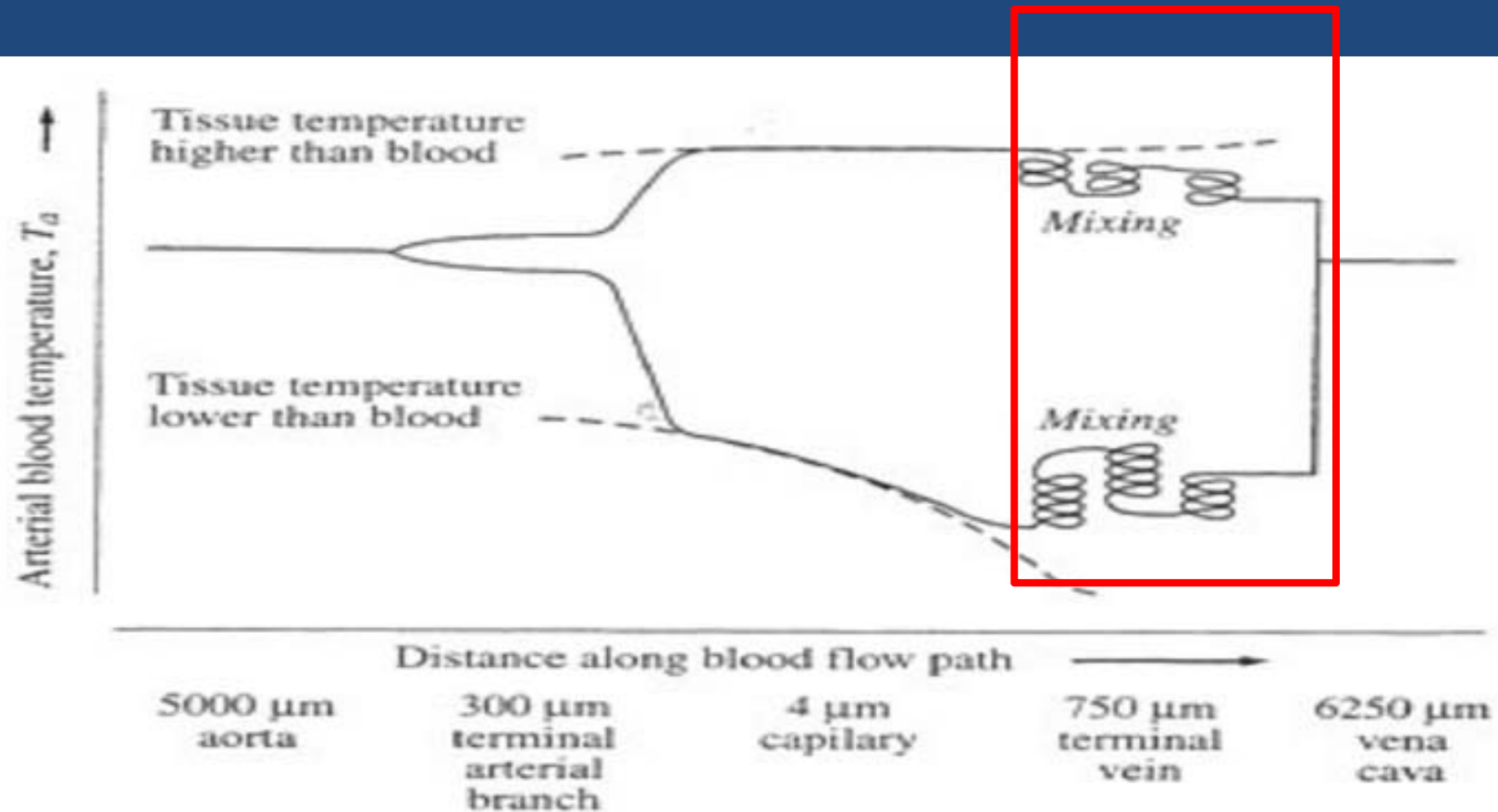


Figure 3. Variation of blood temperature in the blood vessels.

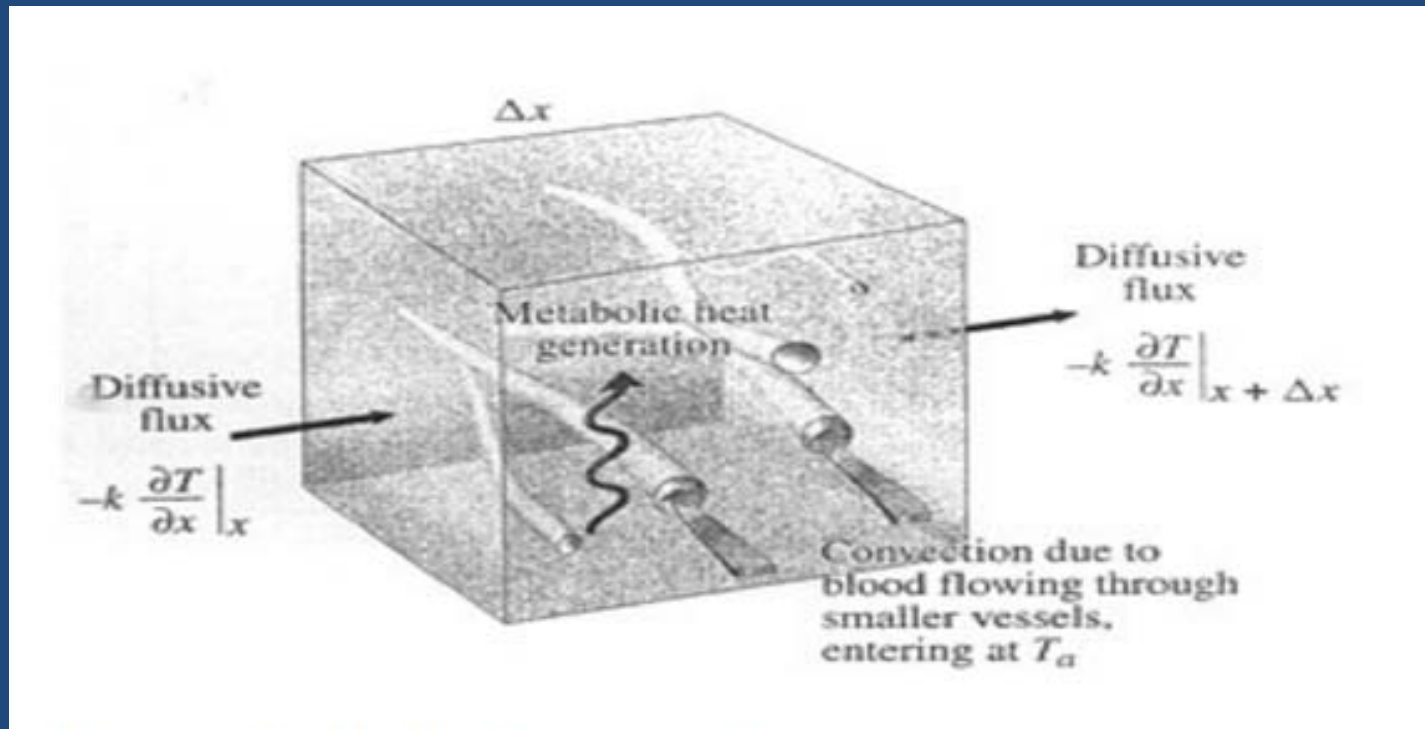


Figure 4. Idealized heat transfer in a tissue showing metabolic heat generation  $Q$  and convective heat transfer due to the passage of blood.

# The bioheat transfer equation

## Assumptions

- 1) Homogeneous material with isotropic thermal properties
- 2) Large blood vessels are ignored
- 3) Blood capillaries are isotropic

Blood is at arterial temperature but quickly reaches the tissue temperature by the time it reaches the end of the artery system.

- The governing bioheat equation

$$\underbrace{\rho c \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}} = \underbrace{k \nabla^2 T} + \underbrace{\rho_b c_b V_b^v (T_a - T)} + \underbrace{Q}$$

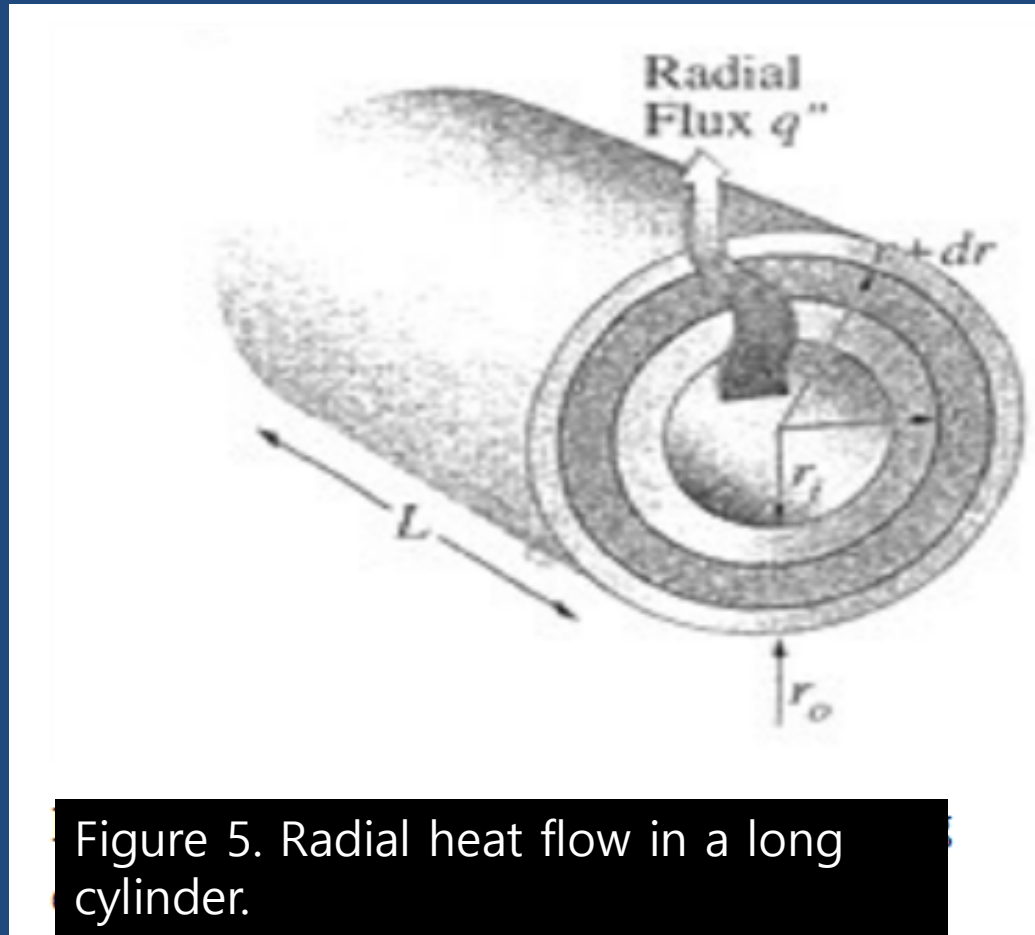
Change in  
storage

conduction

Convection  
Due to blood flow

generation

# Governing Equation Derived in Cylindrical



### 3.4 Governing Equation Derived in Cylindrical

Energy In - Energy Out + Energy Generated = Energy Stored

$$[2\pi r L q_r'' - 2\pi(r + \Delta r) L q_{r+\Delta r}'' + 2\pi r \Delta r L Q] \Delta t = 2\pi r \Delta r L \rho c_p \Delta T$$

$$- \frac{((r + \Delta r) q_{r+\Delta r}'' - r q_r'')}{r \Delta r} + Q = \rho c_p \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$- \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r q_r'') + Q = \rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

Using Fourier's law:

$$k \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + Q = \rho c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

Governing Equation in cylindrical:

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial T}{\partial t}}_{\text{storage}} = \underbrace{\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right)}_{\text{conduction}} + \underbrace{\frac{Q}{\rho c_p}}_{\text{generation}}$$



# Governing Equation for Heat Condition in Various Coordinate Systems

- Cartesian

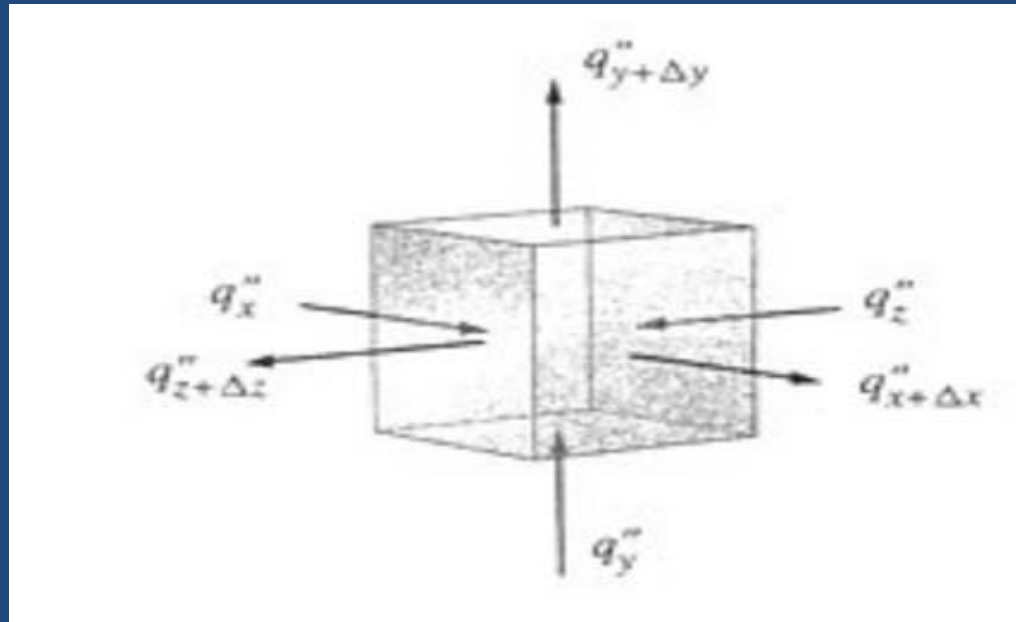


Figure 5, Energy balance over a control volume in a Cartesian coordinate system.

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

# Governing Equation for Heat Condition in Various Coordinate Systems

- Cylindrical

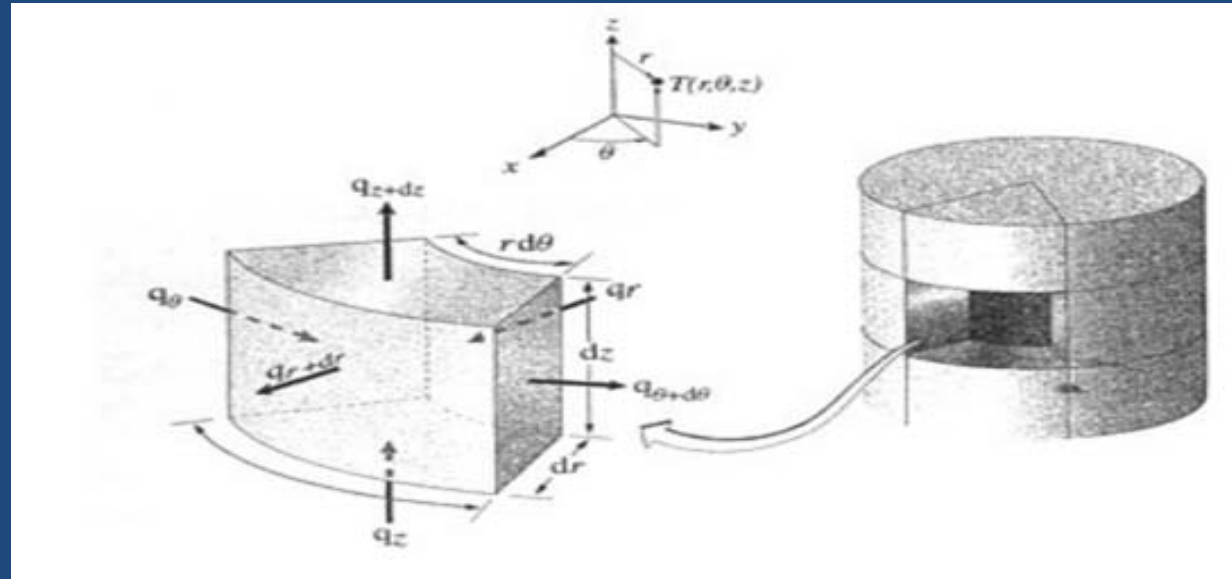


Figure 6. Energy balance over a control volume in a cylindrical coordinate system.

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \left( \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \Phi^2} \right) + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

# Governing Equation for Heat Condition in Various Coordinate Systems

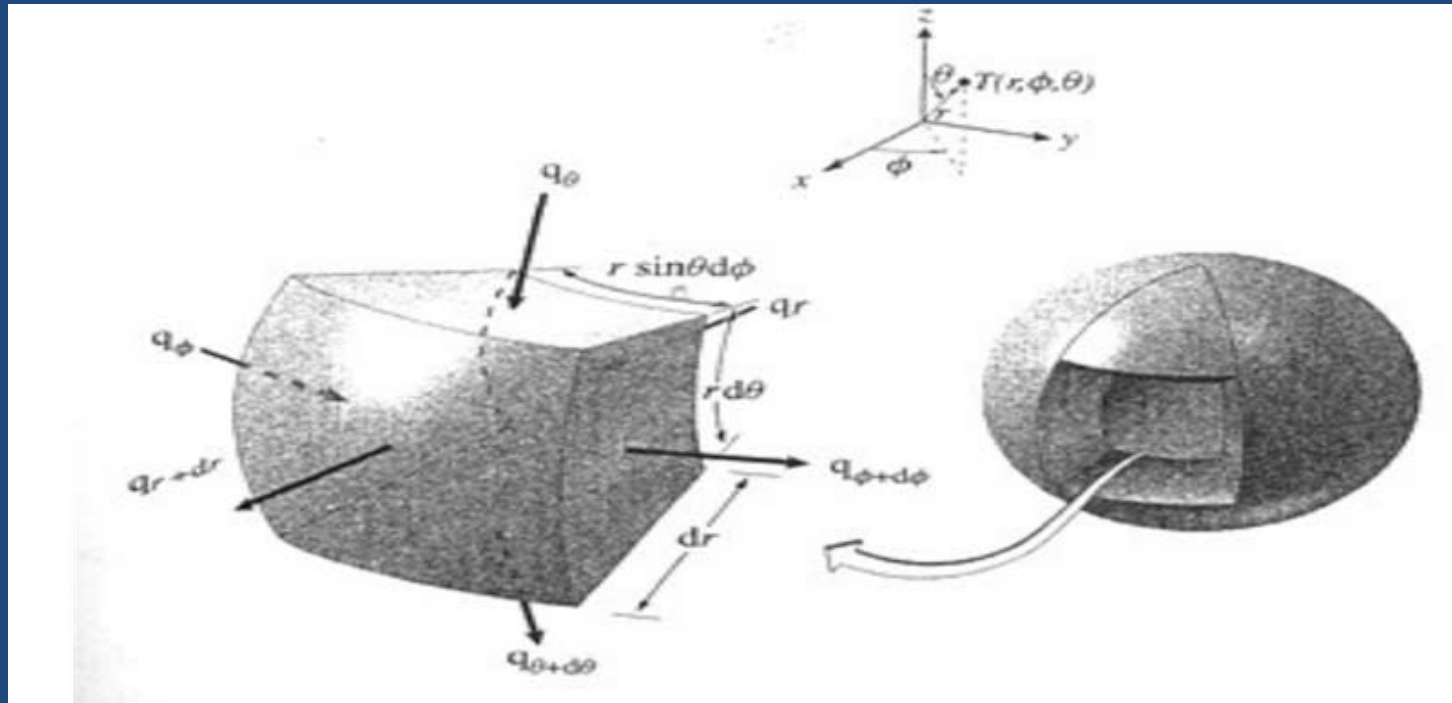


Figure 7. Energy balance over a control volume in a spherical coordinate system.

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

# Governing Equation for Heat Condition in Various Coordinate Systems

- Symbolically (Any coordinate system)

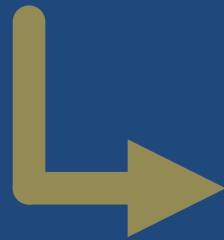
$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \nabla^2 T + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

# An Algorithm to Solve Transport Problem

## Schematic of the problem

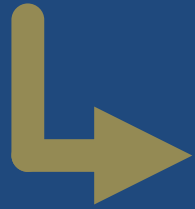
### Governing Equation

- Is spatial variation needed (check Bio number)
- What geometry/coordinate system?
- Which terms should be dropped?



### Boundary Conditions

- How many conditions are necessary?
- What type of boundary conditions?
- Is an initial condition needed (not for steady state)?



### Property values

- Thermal diffusivity  
*or*
- Thermal conductivity, Density, and specific heat



### Solution Technique

- Is there an analytical solution?  
Charts?
- Need numerical solution?



### Improved Understanding

- How does temperature vary with:
  - Position
  - time

Figure 8. A step by step procedure to solve heat and mass transfer problems, showing the steps in case of a heat transfer problem

# Summary

- The governing Bioheat Transfer Equation for Mammalian Tissue

$$\underbrace{\rho c \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}}_{\text{Change in storage}} = \underbrace{k \nabla^2 T}_{\text{conduction}} + \underbrace{\rho_b c_b V_b^v (T_a - T)}_{\substack{\text{Convection} \\ \text{Due to blood flow}}} + \underbrace{Q}_{\text{generation}}$$

- Governing Equation for Heat Condition in Various Coordinate Systems

- Cartesian

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

- Cylindrical

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \left( \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \Phi^2} \right) + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

- Spherical

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[ \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \Phi^2} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) \right] + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

- Symbolically (Any coordinate system)

$$\frac{k}{\rho c_p} \nabla^2 T + \frac{Q}{\rho c_p} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

# Summary

- Problem Formulation

1. It is the development of mathematical formulation of a physical problems, written in terms of governing equation and boundary conditions.
2. Follow the steps as shown in Figure 8.